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**By-Laws** 

#### SUBJECT: ORGANIZATION

Personal, professional and human relations depend upon a clear understanding of the relative functions in an organizational structure. In recognition of this principle, the Board of Education acknowledges the following inter-relationships as being of utmost importance in achieving the educational goals of the local community and of the state as prescribed by the constitution of the State of New York and State Legislation.

The Citizens of Wallkill Central provide support, and through an elected Board of Education, determine the policies of the Wallkill Central School District.

The Board of Education adopts and evaluates general school policies so as to make it possible to achieve the goals and purposes set forth in the Philosophy of the Wallkill Central School District; prepares and adopts a budget consistent with established policies and goals for presentation to the citizenry at the annual budget hearing; selects the Superintendent of Schools, who serves as the chief executive officer of the Board, and supports him in the discharge of his duties.

<u>The Superintendent of Schools</u> furnishes professional leadership as the Board's chief executive officer in the general administration of the school system; recommends policies to the Board; and coordinates and directs the total administrative team to the end of carrying out the policies of the Board of Education.

The Assistant Superintendents of Educational and of Support Services reports directly to the Superintendent and serves in areas of special responsibility in planning, coordinating, supervising, and directing the whole system as a unified enterprise under the direction of the Superintendent of Schools and in accordance with the policies adopted by the Board of Education.

<u>The Principals</u>, <u>Director of Pupil Personnel and Federal Programs</u> are executive heads of the schools programs and furnish instructional and community leadership for the educational curriculum.

<u>The Coordinators</u> serve as agents of the Superintendent in the coordination, facilitation, planning and evaluation of school operations on a system-wide basis. They act as helpers and counselors to principals and teachers on special problems and provide leadership in the improvement of the school programs in their respective areas of assignment.

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By-Laws

SUBJECT: ORGANIZATION [continued]

<u>The Teaching Personnel</u> provide learning experiences for pupils under the direction of the administration, accomplishing the goals and purposes set forth in the Philosophy of the Wallkill Central School District.

<u>The Non-Teaching Personnel</u> provide the necessary supporting services for the educational program and for the operations of the schools.

<u>The Students</u> of Wallkill Central are provided educational experiences leading ultimately to responsible citizenship.

**Education Law Section 1709** 

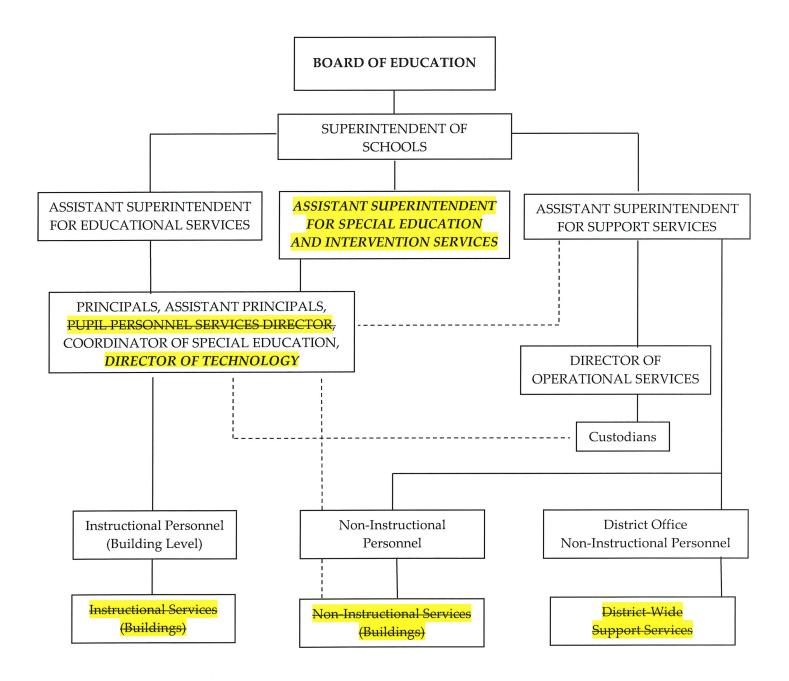
Adopted: 1987; Revised: 11/18/04; Second Reading 5/18/22

4202

Administration



### WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





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Instruction

### SUBJECT: <u>CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES</u> <u>PROGRAMS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES UNDER THE IDEA AND NEW YORK'S EDUCATION LAW ARTICLE 89</u>

The Board of Education shall make available a free appropriate public education to all students with disabilities who reside within its district and are eligible for special education and related services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and Article 89 of New York's Education Law, and their implementing regulations. Special education and related services will be provided to resident eligible students with disabilities in conformity with their individualized education program (IEP) and in the least restrictive environment appropriate to meet their individual educational needs. Special education services or programs will be designed to enable a student with disabilities to be involved in and progress in the general education curriculum, to the extent appropriate to his/her needs.

The Board also shall make available special education and related services to eligible students with disabilities parentally placed in a nonpublic school located within the district, regardless of whether they are residents of the district. However, this obligation does not extend to resident students with disabilities who are placed by their parents in a nonpublic school within district boundaries because of a disagreement between the parents and the school district over the provision of a free appropriate public education. Nonpublic school students with disabilities who are not district residents but who reside within New York State will be provided programs and services in accordance with their individualized education services program (IESP). Nonpublic school students with disabilities who reside out-of-state will be provided services in accordance with their services plan (SP). (Refer to policy 4321.10, Programs and Services for Parentally-placed Nonpublic School Students with Disabilities under the IDEA and New York's Education Law Article 89 for more guidance on this topic).

In addition, to the maximum extent appropriate to their individual needs, eligible students with disabilities residing within the district and attending the district's public schools will be entitled to participate in school district academic, co-curricular and extra-curricular activities available to all other students enrolled in the district's public schools. Such co-curricular and extracurricular activities may include athletics, transportation, recreational activities, school-sponsored special interest groups or clubs, and referrals to agencies that provide assistance to individuals with disabilities and the employment of students (including both employment by the school district and assistance in making outside employment available).

In providing a free appropriate public education to students with disabilities eligible under the IDEA and Article~89, the Board will afford the students and their parents the procedural safeguard rights they are entitled to under applicable law and regulations. The Board also will provide them with notice of such rights as required by law and regulation, using the form prescribed by the Commissioner of Education.

## SUBJECT: PROGRAMS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES UNDER THE IDEA AND NEW YORK'S EDUCATION LAW ARTICLE 89 [continued]

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For purposes of this policy and others related to the provision of services to eligible students with disabilities, and consistent with applicable law and regulation, the word parent means a birth or adoptive parent, a legally appointed guardian generally authorized to act as the child's parent or authorized to make educational decisions for the child; a person in parental relationship to the child as defined in section 3212 of the Education Law; an individual designated as a person in parental relation pursuant to title 15-A of the General Obligations Law, including an individual so designated who is acting in the place of a birth or adoptive parent (including a grandparent, stepparent, or other relative with whom the child resides; or a surrogate parent who has been appointed in accordance with commissioner's regulations.

Eligible students with disabilities will be entitled to special education and related services until the end of the school year in which they turn 21 or until they receive a local high school or Regents diploma.

Students with disabilities may not be required to take medication as a condition for receiving a free appropriate public education.

To ensure the provision of a free appropriate public education to all eligible students with disabilities:

- 1. The Board will adopt and maintain a district special education services plan in conformance with Commissioner's Regulations (8 NYCRR §200.2(c)). The plan will be available for public inspection and review by the Commissioner of Education.
- 2. School district staff will take steps to locate, identify, evaluate and maintain information about all children with disabilities within the district, including homeless children and children who are wards of the state, and children attending nonpublic school within the district (including religious schools), who are in need of special education.
- 3. The district will establish a plan and practice for implementing school-wide approaches and interventions in order to remediate a student's performance prior to referral for special education services. The district will provide general education support services, instructional modifications, and/or alternative program options to address a student's performance before referring the student to the Committee on Special Education (CSE). The [name of district team that is responsible for RTI, i.e. Child Study Team will develop, implement and evaluate pre-referral intervention strategies (4321.2, School-wide Pre-referral Approaches and Interventions).
- 4. School district staff will initiate a request for evaluation of a student who has not made adequate progress after an appropriate period of time when provided instruction under a response to intervention program. In making the request the staff person will describe in writing intervention services, programs and methodologies used to remediate the student's performance prior to referral. In addition, the extent of parental contact will be described as well.
- 5. The Board will appoint a committee on special education (CSE), and, as appropriate, CSE subcommittees, to assure the timely identification, evaluation and placement of eligible students with disabilities.

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LAW ARTICLE 89 [continued]

Instruction

- 6. The Board will arrange for special education programs and services based upon the recommendation of the CSE or CSE subcommittee.
- 7. The Superintendent or his/her designee shall establish a plan for the recruitment, hiring and retention of staff appropriately and adequately prepared to meet the needs of students with disabilities including, but not limited to, highly qualified special education teachers.
- 8. The Superintendent or his/her designee shall establish a comprehensive professional development plan designed to ensure that personnel necessary to carry out IDEA and Article 89 possess the skills and knowledge required to meet the needs of students with disabilities.
- 9. The Superintendent or his/her designee will establish a process for ensuring that district staff understand the right of students with disabilities to access and participate in the same academic, cocurricular and extra-curricular programs and activities as all other students enrolled in the district's public schools, to the maximum extent appropriate to their individual needs.

#### Locate and Identify Students with Disabilities

The district will conduct an annual census to locate and identify all students with disabilities who reside in the district, and establish a register of such students who are entitled to attend the public schools of the district during the next school year, including students with disabilities who are homeless or wards of the State. The census shall be conducted, and the registry maintained, in accordance with the requirements established in Commissioner's regulations.

The Superintendent or his/her designee will determine what other activities might be appropriate to help locate and identify students with disabilities. These may include, but are not limited to, the mailing of letters to all district residents regarding the availability of special education programs and services and their right to access such services, and/or the publication of a similar notice in school newsletters and other publications.

(Refer to policy 4321.10, Programs and Services for Parentally-placed Nonpublic School Students with Disabilities under the IDEA and New York's Education Law Article 89, for more information regarding how to locate and identify nonpublic school students with disabilities).

#### Evaluation of Students with Disabilities

To initially determine a student's eligibility for a free appropriate public education under the IDEA and Article 89, the district will conduct a full evaluation of the student in accordance within legally prescribed time lines. As set forth in Commissioner's regulations, the initial evaluation will include, at least, a physical examination, an individual psychological evaluation unless the school psychologist determines it unnecessary, a social history, an observation of the student in the student's learning environment to document the student's academic performance and behavior in the areas of difficulty, and other appropriate assessments or evaluations (including a functional behavioral assessment for a student whose behavior impedes his or he learning or that of others) to ascertain the physical, mental, behavioral and emotional factors that contribute to the suspected disabilities.

### SUBJECT: PROGRAMS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES UNDER THE IDEA AND NEW YORK'S EDUCATION

LAW ARTICLE 89 [continued]

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Once a student has been determined eligible to receive a free appropriate public education, the district will reevaluate the student with a disability whenever the student's parent requests a reevaluation, and when the district determines the educational and related service needs (including improved academic achievement and functional performance) of the child warrant a reevaluation. However, a reevaluation must take place at least once every three years, unless the student's parent and the district agree it is unnecessary.

#### Parental Consent for Student Evaluations

Before conducting any type of evaluation, district staff will take steps to obtain written informed consent from a student's parent, as required by applicable law and regulations. They also will keep a detailed record of those attempts and their results, including phone calls and correspondence, visits to the parent's home and any responses received.

- If a parent refuses to give consent for an initial evaluation, or fails to respond to such a request, the parent will be given an opportunity to attend an informal conference and ask questions about the proposed evaluation. Unless the referral for evaluation is withdrawn, if the parent continues to withhold consent, the Board will commence due process proceedings to conduct an initial evaluation without parental consent within the time lines established in Commissioner's regulations.
- If a parent refuses to give consent for a reevaluation, or fails to respond to such a request, district staff will proceed with the reevaluation without parental consent if it has engaged in documented reasonable efforts to obtain such consent and the parent has failed to respond. If the district cannot document its efforts to obtain consent, the Board will commence due process proceedings to conduct a reevaluation without parental consent.
- 3. If district staff is unable to obtain consent for the initial evaluation or reevaluation of a home schooled or a parentally-placed nonpublic school student, the Board will not commence due process proceedings to conduct the evaluation without parental consent, and will consider the student as not eligible for special education.

#### **Conduct of Evaluations**

In conducting evaluations of students with disabilities, the district will use a variety of assessment tools and strategies, including parent-provided information, to gather relevant functional, developmental, and academic information for determining a student's eligibility for special education and related services, and the content of the student's individualized education program

or individualized education services program or services plan in the case of nonpublic school students with disabilities (including information related to enabling the student to be involved in and progress in the general education curriculum).

The district also will assess a student in all areas of suspected disability, and the assessment and other evaluation used will not be discriminatory on a racial or cultural basis. In addition, students will be assessed in the language and form most likely to yield accurate information on what the student actually knows and can do academically, developmentally, and functionally, unless it is not feasible to do so.

LAW ARTICLE 89 [continued]

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In the case of students suspected of having a specific learning disability, the district will follow the procedures established in commissioner's regulations.

The district will notify a student's parent of any determination that no additional data is needed and the reasons for such a determination. It will also inform the parent of his or her right to request an assessment, notwithstanding that determination.

#### Eligibility Determination

The CSE or CSE subcommittee will determine whether a student is eligible for special education and related services under the IDEA and Article 89, as well as the student's educational needs.

The CSE or CSE subcommittee may not determine that a student is eligible for special education and related services if the determining factor is lack of appropriate instruction in the essential components of reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, vocabulary development, reading fluency (including oral reading skills), and reading comprehension strategies; or lack of appropriate instruction in math; or limited English proficiency.

#### Committee on Special Education

The members of the CSE and CSE subcommittees will include those individuals identified in applicable law and regulations, and their attendance at CSE and CSE subcommittee meetings will be required except as otherwise provided in law and regulations.

The parent of a student with disabilities is one of the mandated CSE and CSE subcommittee members and as such has a right to participate in CSE and CSE subcommittee meetings concerning the identification, evaluation, educational placement, and the provision of a free appropriate public education to their child. District staff will take steps to ensure the parent's participation, in accordance with the following:

- CSE and CSE subcommittee meetings will be scheduled at a time and place that is mutually agreeable 1. to the parent and the district.
- The parent will be given at least five days notice of the time and place of a CSE or CSE subcommittee meeting, except as otherwise provided in law and regulation, along with notice of the purpose of the meeting, those who will attend (including name and title), and the parent's right to be accompanied to the meeting by person(s) the parent considers to have knowledge and special expertise about their child.
- The parent and the district may agree to use alternative means of participation at CSE meetings, such 3. as videoconferences or telephone conference calls.
- 4. District staff will take any action necessary to ensure that the parent understands the proceedings at CSE meetings, including arranging for an interpreter for deaf parents or parents whose native language is other than English.

## SUBJECT: PROGRAMS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES UNDER THE IDEA AND NEW YORK'S EDUCATION LAW ARTICLE 89 [continued]

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The CSE or CSE subcommittee may meet without a student's parent only if district staff has been unable to obtain either parent's participation, and has a record of its attempts to arrange a mutually agreed upon time and place. Similarly, the CSE or CSE subcommittee may make a decision without the involvement of the student's parent only if district staff has been unable to obtain parental participation, even through the use of alternative means of participation, and has a record of its attempts to ensure parental involvement.

#### **Provision of Services**

The Board will arrange for appropriate special education and related services recommended by the CSE or CSE subcommittee within 60 school days of the district's receipt of parental consent to evaluate a student not previously identified as a student with a disability, or within 60 school days of referral for review of a student with a disability, except as otherwise provided in law and regulations.

All staff responsible for the implementation of a student's individualized education program, or an individualized education services program or services plan in the case of parentally placed nonpublic school students with disabilities, will be provided information regarding those responsibilities (Refer to policy 4321.5 for more information on this topic).

#### Parental Consent for the Provision of Services

The Board acknowledges that parental consent for initial evaluation does not constitute consent for placement for the provision of special education and related services. Therefore, district staff will take steps to obtain written informed consent for the initial provision of special education and related services to an eligible student. The Board will be precluded by applicable law and regulations from commencing due process proceedings to override the parent's refusal to provide such consent or override the parent's failure to respond to such a request.

#### Transition Service and Diploma/Credential Options

In accordance with law and regulation, the Board will ensure the provision of transition services, which are a coordinated set of activities for students with disabilities that facilitates movement from school to post-school activities, which may include but are not limited to post-secondary education, vocational education, integrated employment, continuing and adult education, adult services, independent living or community participation. At age 15, or younger if appropriate, the student's IEP will include a statement of transition service needs and will include undertaking activities in the following areas:

- Instruction
- Related services
- Community experiences
- The development of employment and other post-school adult living objectives; and
- When appropriate, acquisition of daily living skills and provision of a functional vocational evaluation.

In developing the plan for transition services, students and parents will be made aware of the range of diploma and credential options available and the requirements associated with each option.

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Instruction

Ref: The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20
USC §§1400 et seq.
34 CFR Part 300
Education Law Article 89, §§4401 et seq.
8 NYCRR Part 200

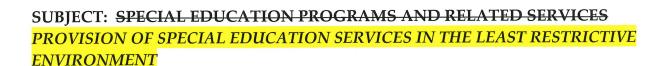
The Board of Education recognizes the existence of individual differences in the intellectual, social, emotional and physical development of children attending school in the District. In recognizing these differences the Board supports a system of services for students with disabilities which includes:

- a) Education in regular classes with or without support services, education in a resource room, education for part of the day in a special class, full time education in a special class, home instruction and education in a residential setting.
- b) Providing for the education of students with disabilities with non-disabled peers to the extent appropriate.
- c) Consideration of the location of a school program(s) to a student's residence, before placement into an educational program.
- d) Adoption of written policies and procedures ensuring that students with disabilities are provided appropriate opportunities to earn a high school diploma in accordance with Commissioner's Regulations, Section 100.5. When necessary, the District may award local certificates and high school individualized education diplomas to students with disabilities.
- e) Allocation of appropriate space within the District for special education programs that meet the needs of students with disabilities.
- f) Allocation of appropriate space will be available to meet the needs of resident students with disabilities who attend special education programs provided by BOCES.

Federal Law - Public Law 101-476
Individuals with Disabilities Act
State Law - Education Law Sections 4401-4407
Commissioner's Regulations Sections 200.2(b)(3),
200.2(c)(2)(v), 200.6(a)(1), 100.5 and 100.9

Revised: 11/16/89; 5/19/94; Second Reading 5/18/22

Instruction



**POLICY** 

Ref:

The Board of Education recognizes its responsibility to ensure that students with disabilities eligible for special education programs and services under the IDEA and Article 89 of New York's Education Law receive those services in the least restrictive environment appropriate to meet their individual educational needs.

Therefore, the district will not place students with disabilities in special classes or separate schools, or otherwise remove them from the regular educational environment unless the nature or severity of their disability is such that their education cannot be achieved satisfactorily in regular classes, even with the use of supplementary aids and services. In addition, the district will provide special services or programs to enable students with disabilities to be involved in and progress in the general curriculum, to the extent appropriate to their needs.

To fulfill its responsibility to educate students with disabilities in the least restrictive environment, the district will implement the provisions of section 200.6 of commissioner's regulations.

Furthermore, and pursuant to those provisions, students with disabilities placed together for purposes of receiving special education will be grouped by similarity of individual needs including their range of academic achievement, functional performance and learning characteristics; social and physical development, and management needs.

The Superintendent or his/her designee will establish a process for ensuring that the CSE or CSE subcommittee Chairperson, as appropriate, obtains an up-to-date copy of those provisions at the beginning of each school year, and copies of any amendments that become effective during the school year.

The Board also recognizes that the least restrictive environment requirements established by applicable law and regulations also extend to nonacademic settings. Therefore, the district will provide students with disabilities the opportunity to participate with non-disabled students in school-sponsored co-curricular and extra-curricular activities, to the maximum extent appropriate to each individual student's needs. The district also will provide students with disabilities with supplementary aids and services the CSE or CSE subcommittee, as applicable, determines to be appropriate and necessary for the students to participate in such activities.

Instruction

The Board of Education recognizes its responsibility for providing special education and related services which meet individual needs of students with disabilities. In an effort to achieve this goal, the Board shall determine an appropriate special education program for each student with a disability upon receiving from the CSE (Committee on Special Education) recommendations for special education services. The written evaluations completed by the CSE for each student with a disability are available to the Board and include:

- a) Classification of a student's disability.
- b) Recommendation(s) for a special education program and/or related service(s), including counseling based upon a student's needs and not upon a student's disability.
- c) A summary of the tests and reports upon which the recommendations are based.

Commissioner's Regulations Section 200.2(b)(3), 200.5(b) and 200.6(a)(2)(j)
Education Law Section 4202(112)
Rehabilitations Act of 1973

Revised: 11/16/89; 5/19/94; Second Reading 5/18/22



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Instruction

## SUBJECT: GROUPING BY SIMILARITY OF NEEDS CONFIDENTIALITY AND ACCESS TO INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAMS, INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION SERVICES PROGRAMS AND SERVICE PLANS

The Board of Education recognizes the importance of ensuring the confidentiality of personally identifiable data pertaining to a student with a disability. Personally identifiable data will not be disclosed by any school district employee or member of a CSE/CPSE to any person (other than the parent of such student), organization or agency unless the parent or guardian of the child provides written consent; there is a valid court order for such information; or disclosure is permitted by law.

Personally identifiable data is defined in the policy on Student Records.

The Board of Education, while acknowledging the confidentiality requirement, believes that in order for each student with disabilities to receive the full benefit of his/her Individualized Education Program (IEP), Individualized Education Services Program (IESP) or Service Plan (SP), individuals responsible for implementing the program or plan must, prior to the implementation, fully understand the scope of their responsibility and the specific accommodations, modifications and supports to be provided.

To this end, this policy establishes procedures to ensure that any person having both direct contact with a student with an IEP, IESP or SP and a responsibility to provide a service, accommodation or program modification for the student in accordance with that student's IEP, IESP or SP shall be informed of his/her responsibilities under the IEP, and shall receive or have access to a copy of the student's IEP, IESP or SP as specified below.

#### I. IEP, IESP or SP Copies

At a CSE, CSE Subcommittee or CPSE meeting for each student, a determination will be made as to which general education teachers, special education teachers, related service providers and other service providers have responsibility to implement the recommendations on the student's IEP, IESP or SP. "Other service provider" means a representative of another public school district, charter school, BOCES program, child care institution school, Special Act school district, State-supported school, approved private in-state or out-of-state school and an approved preschool provider where the student receives or will receive IEP, IESP or SP services.

The CSE, CSE Subcommittee and CPSE Chairpersons shall ensure that a paper or electronic copy of each student's IEP, IESP or SP is provided to each regular education teacher, special education teacher, related service provider and/or other service provider who is responsible for implementation of the program or plan. These individuals responsible for implementing an IEP, IESP or SP shall, in turn, ensure that all paraprofessionals (teacher aides and teacher assistants) and other providers responsible for assisting in implementation are given the opportunity to review their copy of the IEP, IESP or SP prior to program implementation as well as have ongoing access to such copy.

SUBJECT: CONFIDENTIALITY AND ACCESS TO

INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAMS,

INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION SERVICES
PROGRAMS AND SERVICE PLANS [continued]

Instruction

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#### II. Notification of Responsibilities

In addition to disseminating copies of a student's IEP, IESP or SP, CSE, CSE Subcommittee and CPSE Chairpersons must designate one or more professional employees of the district with knowledge of the student's disability and program to inform each regular education teacher, special education teacher, related service provider, other service provider, paraprofessional, and other provider and support staff person of his or her responsibility to provide specific accommodations, program modifications, supports and/or services for the student in accordance with the IEP, IESP or SP. In selecting the professional staff person(s), the chairperson could select him/herself for this responsibility, another administrator, or a teacher, related service provider or other professional, as appropriate.

#### III. Confidentiality

All copies of a student's IEP, IESP or SP provided or made accessible under this policy must remain confidential, and shall not be redisclosed to any other person, except in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA). To ensure such confidentiality, the CSE and CPSE Chairpersons shall include with each IEP, IESP or SP copy provided or made accessible under this policy, a copy of the Board's policy on student records (Policy 5500). All IEP, IESP or SP copies must remain in a secure location on school grounds at all times. If IEP copies are transmitted and/or provided electronically, security systems (e.g., password protect a file or folder) must be implemented to prevent unauthorized internal and external access to the student's IEP, IESP or SP.

#### IV. Documentation

The designated professional employee(s) defined in section II above shall obtain the signature of each person covered by this policy, indicating that he or she:

- 1. has received either a copy of the student's IEP, IESP or SP or the opportunity to review the IEP, IESP or SP prior to its implementation, as required under state law and regulation;
- 2. has been informed of their responsibilities for implementation;
- 3. has knowledge of where the IEP, IESP or SP is to be maintained; and
- 4. has an understanding of the confidentiality requirements.

At the end of the school year or whenever the IEP has been revised, the CSE and CPSE Chairperson shall collect all IEP copies provided under this policy and destroy them.

Ref: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20 USC §§1400 et seq.

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 USC §1232g; 34 CFR Part 99 Education Law §4402(7)

8 NYCRR §§200.2(b)(11); 200.4(e)(3); 200.16(e)(6)

New York State Education Department, Office of Special Education, Guidance Document, <u>Providing copies of the IEPs for Students with Disabilities</u>, 5/13/03,

www.p12.nysed.gov/specialed/publications/policy/chap408final.htm

SUBJECT: CONFIDENTIALITY AND ACCESS TO 2022
INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAMS,
INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION SERVICES Instruction

PROGRAMS AND SERVICE PLANS [continued]

The Board of Education in an effort to provide an appropriate special education and related services to disabled students supports the grouping of disabled students by similarity of needs according to the following guidelines:

- a) That each student possessing a disability shall be identified, evaluated and determined by the Committee on Special Education (CSE).
- b) The Committee shall determine written goals and corresponding short term instructional objectives for each student with a disability by considering the special and individual needs of each student with a disability.
- c) The Committee shall recommend to the Board of Education appropriate educational programs and services for each student with a disability based upon the CSE evaluation.
- d) The CSE shall provide information to those teachers and professionals who arrange instructional groups for students with disabilities. Information shall include physical, psychological and social information as well as achievement test results.
- e) The curriculum and instruction provided to students who are grouped by similarity of needs shall be consistent with the individual needs of each student in the group.
- f) Students with disabilities may be grouped according to (a) academic or educational achievement and learning characteristics; (b) social needs; (c) physical development; and (d) management needs.
- g) When grouping students by similarity of needs, the social needs or physical development of a student shall not be the sole determinant for placement of a student in a special education program.
- h) A student's range of needs should be limited to the extent that one student's needs do not infringe on another student's ability to learn.

Commissioner's Regulations Section 200.2 (b) (3) and Section 200.6 (a) (3)

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Revised: 5/19/94; Second Reading 5/18/22



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Instruction

# SUBJECT: ALTERNATIVE TESTING PROCEDURES FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES DISTRICTWIDE AND STATEWIDE ASSESSMENTS OF STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

The Board of Education recognizes the importance of offering access and appropriate testing accommodations to eligible students so that they can participate in assessment programs on an equal basis with their nondisabled peers. Two elements that contribute to an effective assessment program are proper use of use of accommodations and use of universal design principles in developing and administering tests.

#### **Testing Accommodations**

Testing accommodations provide an opportunity for students with disabilities to:

- Participate in the instructional and assessment program;
- Demonstrate their strengths, knowledge and skills without being restricted by their disability; and
- Provide an accurate measure of the standards being assessed so that appropriate instruction and services can be provided.

Testing accommodations are changes made in the administration of the test in order to remove obstacles to the test-taking process that are presented by the disability without changing the constructs being tested. Examples of testing accommodations are: flexibility in scheduling/timing; flexibility in the setting for the administration of the test; changes in the method of presentation and changes in the method of response. Testing accommodations are neither intended nor permitted to: alter the construct being measured or invalidate the results, provide an unfair advantage for students with disabilities over students taking the test under standard conditions or substitute for knowledge or abilities that the student has not attained.

The Committee on Special Education, the Subcommittee on Special Education or the Committee on Preschool Special Education is responsible for recommending the appropriate test accommodations and including those recommendations on the student's Individualized Education Program (IEP), Individualized Education Services Program (IESP) or Service Plan (SP). If it is determined that a student should participate in alternative assessments instead of the standard statewide or districtwide tests, the CSE must indicate the reasons for doing so on the IEP, IESP or SP. The 504 committee will include the appropriate test accommodations as part of the 504 plan.

The recommendations will be reviewed annually by the CSE, CSE subcommittee, CPSE or 504 team. The Board acknowledges the importance of integrating the assessment program with the instructional program and, to that end, encourages effective communication among district staff so that implementation is consistent and fair. The goal is to provide effective assessments that allow students to benefit from their educational program.

SUBJECT: DISTRICTWIDE AND STATEWIDE

ASSESSMENTS OF STUDENTS WITH

DISABILITIES [continued]

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Instruction

In some situations, a building principal may authorize the use of testing accommodations in accordance with this policy. Those instances are limited to cases where a regular education student incurs a disability, such as, but not limited to, a broken arm, without sufficient time for the CSE, CPSE and/or Section 504 Committee to make a recommendation prior to a test. They do not include cases where the student is already being evaluated to determine his or her eligibility for status as a student with a disability. In exercising this authority, the building principal will rely on his or her professional judgment. He or she also may confer with CSE, CPSE and/or Section 504 Committee members.

#### Universal Design Principles in Districtwide Assessments

The Board of Education recognizes the benefits of using the principles of universal design to further the goal of ensuring equal access to districtwide assessments and to ensure the most accurate measure of the performance of all students. The Board directs the Superintendent or his/her designee, in consultation with appropriate school staff, to examine how universal design principles can be incorporated into the district's assessment program, and to facilitate its use to the extent feasible. Any steps taken in this regard will be consistent with this policy and applicable State Education Department policy and/or guidance on the use of universal design principles.

At a minimum, the Superintendent or his/her designee will explore how district assessments can be:

- 1. Made more usable by students with diverse abilities.
- 2. Designed to better accommodate a wide range of individual preferences and abilities.
- 3. Made more understandable.
- 4. Made to communicate necessary information to students more effectively.
- 5. Designed to minimize adverse consequences of accidental or unintended actions.
- 6. Used more efficiently and comfortably and with a minimum of student fatigue.

Ref: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20 USC §§1401(35); 1412(a)(16)(E); 34 CFR §§ 300.44

Assistive Technology Act, 29 USC 3002(19)

8 NYCRR §§ 200.1(jjj); 200.2(b)(13,14); 200.4(d)(2)(vi)

Students identified by the Committee on Special Education as having disabilities may be provided with alternative testing procedures based on their individual needs and type of test administered. Alternative testing procedures shall be specified in a student's individual educational plan.

A report shall be filed at the prescribed time with the State Education Department indicating the use of alternative testing procedures.

Commissioner's Regulations Section 100.2(g)

Adopted: 2/25/88; Revised: 5/19/94; Second Reading 5/18/22



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Instruction

### SUBJECT: STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES PARTICIPATING IN SCHOOL DISTRICT PROGRAMS-PRESCHOOL SPECIAL EDUCATION

The Board of Education recognizes the value of early intervention to address the needs of preschool children with disabilities. The Board further recognizes its responsibility to ensure that all resident preschool children with disabilities have the opportunity to participate in preschool programs, approved by the Commissioner of Education, from which they may benefit educationally. The Board authorizes the Superintendent of Schools or his/her designee to establish administrative practices and procedures which shall include:

- 1. locating, identifying, evaluating, referring and placing all preschool children (generally ages three and four) with disabilities. The register of children eligible to attend a preschool program is to be maintained and revised annually by the Committee on Preschool Special Education (CPSE);
- 2. ensuring that the parent(s)/guardian(s) of preschool age children with disabilities have received and understand the request for consent for evaluation of their child;
- 3. developing an individualized education program (IEP) for each preschool age child with a disability;
- 4. appointing appropriately qualified personnel to the CPSE and ensuring that preschool education providers with whom the district contracts have appropriately trained and qualified personnel.
- 5. maintaining lists of impartial hearing officers and of State Education Department-approved special education programs within the county and adjacent counties in which the district is located;
- 6. preparing and keeping on file summary reports of student data including the number of preschool students with disabilities served, as well students referred but not served and the reasons why they are not served; and
- 7. reporting to the State Education Department the data on preschool children with disabilities as required, on a form prescribed by the Commissioner.

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Instruction

The duties described above will be carried out within the timeframes established by statute and regulation.

The Board of Education hereby establishes the CPSE as required under the Education Law. Its responsibilities will include the evaluation and recommendation for placement in appropriate approved programs and the provision of appropriate special education programs and services for each preschool child with a disability. The CPSE shall review, at least annually, the status of each preschool child with a disability. It is ultimately the responsibility of the Board to arrange for the appropriate approved preschool program and services for the district's children. Should the Board disagree with the CPSE's recommendations, it shall send the recommendation back to the CPSE so that they may schedule a timely meeting to review the Board's concerns and to revise the IEP, as deemed appropriate.

In the event that a parent/guardian files a due process complaint, a meeting must be convened between the parent/guardian and representatives of the district to try and resolve the complaint within 15 days of receiving the notice, and before the initiation of an impartial hearing. Parents/guardians and the district will jointly determine who should be present at this meeting.

If an agreement cannot be reached, parent/guardians shall be offered mediation to resolve complaints regarding the education of preschool children with disabilities at the same time notice of the availability of an impartial hearing is provided.

The CPSE shall make an annual report on the status of each preschool child with a disability and report on the adequacy of preschool special education programs and services to the Board.

The Board directs the Superintendent or his/her designee to develop and maintain a plan which incorporates information concerning the provision of services for preschool children with disabilities, pursuant to the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education.

Ref: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§1400 et seq.

34 CFR §§300.12; 300.503 Education Law §4410

8 NYCRR Part 200, 200.2, 200.5, 200.16

**8510** 

Instruction

All students with disabilities residing in the District shall have the opportunity to participate in School District programs, including non-academic and extracurricular programs and activities, which are available to all other pupils enrolled in the public schools of the District.

These non-academic and extra curricular programs and activities may include counseling services, athletics, transportation, health services, recreational activities, special interest groups or clubs sponsored by the School District, referrals to agencies that provide assistance to individuals with disabilities and employment of students, including both employment by the School District and assistance in making outside employment available.

Commissioner's Regulations 200.2(b)(1)

Revised: 5/19/94; 10/18/07; 11/15/07; Second Reading 5/18/22